# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

Shannon Smith, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

C.A. No.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

-v.-

Midland Credit Management, Inc., Midland Funding LLC and John Does 1-25.

Defendant(s).

Plaintiff Shannon Smith (hereinafter, "Plaintiff"), brings this Class Action Complaint by and through her attorneys, Garibian Law Offices, P.C. against Defendant Midland Credit Management, Inc. (hereinafter "Defendant MCM") and Defendant Midland Funding LLC (hereinafter "Defendant Midland Funding") individually and on behalf of a class of all others similarly situated, pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, based upon information and belief of Plaintiff's counsel, except for allegations specifically pertaining to Plaintiff, which are based upon Plaintiff's personal knowledge.

# **INTRODUCTION**

1. Congress enacted the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act (hereinafter "the FDCPA") in 1977 in response to the "abundant evidence of the use of abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices by many debt collectors." 15 U.S.C. §1692(a). At that time, Congress was concerned that "abusive debt collection practices contribute to the number of personal bankruptcies, to material instability, to the loss of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy." *Id.* Congress concluded that "existing laws...[we]re inadequate to protect consumers," and that "the effective

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collection of debts" does not require "misrepresentation or other abusive debt collection practices." 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(b) & (c).

2. Congress explained that the purpose of the FDCPA was not only to eliminate abusive debt collection practices, but also to "insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged." 15 U.S.C § 1692(e). "After determining that the existing consumer protection laws ·were inadequate." *Id.* § 1692(b), Congress gave consumers a private cause of action against debt collectors who fail to comply with the FDCPA. *Id.* § 1692k.

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

3. The Court has jurisdiction over this class action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 15 U.S.C. § 1692 et. seq. The Court has pendent jurisdiction over any state law claims in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).

4. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) as this is where a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred.

# NATURE OF THE ACTION

5. Plaintiff brings this class action on behalf of a class of Pennsylvania consumers under §1692 et seq. of Title 15 of the United States Code, commonly referred to as the Fair Debt Collections Practices Act ("FDCPA"), and

6. Plaintiff is seeking damages and declaratory relief.

#### **PARTIES**

7. Plaintiff is a resident of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, County of Philadelphia at 154 E Mayland St., Philadelphia, PA 19144.

Defendant MCM is a "debt collector" as the phrase is defined in 15 U.S.C.
 § 1692(a)(6) and as used in the FDCPA.

9. Upon information and belief, Defendant MCM is a company that uses the mail, telephone, and facsimile and regularly engages in business the principal purpose of which is to attempt to collect debts alleged to be due another.

10. Defendant Midland Funding is a "debt collector" as the phrase is defined in 15 U.S.C.§ 1692(a)(6) and as used in the FDCPA.

11. Defendant Midland Funding is engaged in the business of acquiring, or claiming to acquire, delinquent debts and collecting them, both directly and through collection agencies. It is a "debt collector" as defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. §1692a(6).

12. Upon information and belief, Defendant Midland Funding is a company that uses the mail, telephone, and facsimile and regularly engages in business the principal purpose of which is to attempt to collect debts alleged to be due another.

13. All acts of Defendant MCM with respect to the collection of this account were conducted as authorized agent for Defendant Midland Funding.

14. John Does 1-25, are fictitious names of individuals and businesses alleged for the purpose of substituting names of Defendants whose identities will be disclosed in discovery and should be made parties to this action.

# **CLASS ALLEGATIONS**

15. Plaintiff brings this claim on behalf of the following class, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ.P. 23(a) and 23(b)(3).

- 16. The Class consists of:
  - a. all individuals with addresses in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania;
  - b. to whom Defendant MCM sent a collection letter;
  - c. on behalf of Defendant Midland Funding;
  - d. attempting to collect a consumer debt;
  - e. containing deceptively worded settlement offers;
  - f. which letter was sent on or after a date one (1) year prior to the filing of this action and on or before a date twenty-one (21) days after the filing of this action.

17. The identities of all class members are readily ascertainable from the records of Defendants and those companies and entities on whose behalf they attempt to collect and/or have purchased debts.

18. Excluded from the Plaintiff Class are the Defendants and all officers, members, partners, managers, directors and employees of the Defendants and their respective immediate families, and legal counsel for all parties to this action, and all members of their immediate families.

19. There are questions of law and fact common to the Plaintiff Class, which common issues predominate over any issues involving only individual class members. The principal issue is whether the Defendants' written communications to consumers, in the form attached as Exhibit A, violate 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e.

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20. The Plaintiff's claims are typical of the class members, as all are based upon the same facts and legal theories. The Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Plaintiff Class defined in this complaint. The Plaintiff has retained counsel with experience in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions, and neither the Plaintiff nor her attorneys have any interests, which might cause them not to vigorously pursue this action.

21. This action has been brought, and may properly be maintained, as a class action pursuant to the provisions of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure because there is a well-defined community interest in the litigation:

- a. <u>Numerosity:</u> The Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that the Plaintiff Class defined above is so numerous that joinder of all members would be impractical.
- b. <u>Common Questions Predominate:</u> Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Plaintiff Class and those questions predominance over any questions or issues involving only individual class members. The principal issue is whether the Defendants' written communications to consumers, in the forms attached as Exhibit A violate 15 USC §1692e.
- <u>Typicality</u>: The Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the class members.
   The Plaintiffs and all members of the Plaintiff Class have claims arising out of the Defendants' common uniform course of conduct complained of herein.
- d. <u>Adequacy:</u> The Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class members insofar as Plaintiff have no interests that are adverse to the absent class members. The Plaintiff is committed to vigorously litigating this matter.

Plaintiff has also retained counsel experienced in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions. Neither the Plaintiff nor her counsel have any interests which might cause them not to vigorously pursue the instant class action lawsuit.

e. <u>Superiority:</u> A class action is superior to the other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy because individual joinder of all members would be impracticable. Class action treatment will permit a large number of similarly situated persons to prosecute their common claims in a single forum efficiently and without unnecessary duplication of effort and expense that individual actions would engender.

22. Certification of a class under Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure is also appropriate in that the questions of law and fact common to members of the Plaintiff Class predominate over any questions affecting an individual member, and a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy.

23. Depending on the outcome of further investigation and discovery, Plaintiff may, at the time of class certification motion, seek to certify a class(es) only as to particular issues pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(4).

## FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

24. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.

25. Some time prior to June 14, 2021, an obligation was allegedly incurred to Synchrony Bank by the Plaintiff.

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26. The Synchrony Bank obligation arose out of transactions in which money, property, insurance or services which are the subject of the transactions were primarily for personal, family or household purposes.

27. The alleged Synchrony Bank obligation is a "debt" as defined by 15 U.S.C. \$1692a(5).

28. Synchrony Bank is a "creditor" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692a(4).

29. Synchrony Bank purportedly sold the alleged debt to Defendant Midland Funding, a debt collector, who contracted Defendant MCM to collect the alleged debt.

*30.* Defendant MCM and Defendant Midland Funding collect and attempt to collect debts incurred or alleged to have been incurred for personal, family or household purposes on behalf of creditors using the United States Postal Services, telephone and internet.

## <u>Violation I – June 14, 2021 Collection Letter</u>

31. On or about June 14, 2021, Defendant MCM sent Plaintiff a collection letter on behalf of Defendant Midland Funding (the "Letter") regarding the debt allegedly owed to Synchrony Bank **See Exhibit A**.

32. The Letter states a current balance of \$2,498.00 and gives three payment options:

1) 10% Off - Pay 1 payment of \$2,248.20

2) 5% Off - Pay 6 consecutive monthly payments of \$395.52

3) "Monthly Payments As Low As" – Payments as low as \$50 per month.

33. The third option provided by Defendants in the Letter is not adequately explained and results in two different possible interpretations.

34. First, Option 3 might be construed to be an option where a discounted amount is being paid in monthly payments of \$50 a month.

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35. Second, Option 3 might be construed to be an option where monthly payments of\$50 would be made until the debt is paid off.

36. In addition, if Option 3 means that the \$50 payment would be made until the debt is fully paid off, the Letter is deceptive because it describes all three options as a discount program "designed to save you money." If the debt is being paid in full under Option 3, it is not a discount program and thus, the Letter is deceptive.

37. By failing to explain whether Option 3 is a settlement option or a full pay option, the Letter is false, deceptive and misleading.

38. Due to Defendants' actions, Plaintiff was concerned and confused by the Letter.

39. Defendants' actions were false, deceptive, and/or misleading.

40. Plaintiff was therefore unable to evaluate her options of how to handle this alleged debt.

41. Plaintiff would have pursued a different course of action were it not for Defendants' violations.

42. Because of this, Plaintiff expended time, money, and effort in determining the proper course of action.

43. These violations by Defendants were knowing, willful, negligent and/or intentional, and Defendants did not maintain procedures reasonably adapted to avoid any such violations.

44. Defendants' collection efforts with respect to this alleged debt from Plaintiff caused Plaintiff to suffer concrete and particularized harm, inter alia, because the FDCPA provides Plaintiff with the legally protected right to be not to be misled or treated unfairly with respect to any action for the collection of any consumer debt.

45. Defendants' deceptive, misleading and unfair representations with respect to its

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collection efforts were material misrepresentations that affected and frustrated Plaintiff's ability to intelligently respond to Defendants' collection efforts because Plaintiff could not adequately respond to Defendants' demand for payment of this alleged debt.

46. Defendants' actions created an appreciable risk to Plaintiff of being unable to properly respond or handle Defendants' debt collection efforts.

47. Plaintiff was confused and misled to her detriment by the statements in the dunning letter, and relied on the contents of the Letter to her detriment.

48. As a result of Defendants' deceptive, misleading and false debt collection practices, Plaintiff has been damaged

#### <u>COUNT I</u>

### VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT

# 15 U.S.C. §1692e et seq.

49. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.

50. Defendants' debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards the Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including but not limited to 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.

51. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692e, a debt collector may not use any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt.

52. Defendants violated §1692e:

- a. As the Letter it is open to more than one reasonable interpretation, at least one of which is inaccurate in violation of §1692e(2).
- b. By making a false and misleading representation in violation of §1692e(10).
- 53. By reason thereof, Defendants are liable to Plaintiff for judgment that Defendants'

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conduct violated Section 1692e et seq. of the FDCPA, actual damages, statutory damages, costs and attorneys' fees.

# DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

54. Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby requests a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

# PRAYER FOR RELIEF

**WHEREFORE**, Plaintiff Shannon Smith, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, demands judgment from Defendants MCM and Defendant Midland Funding as follows:

1. Declaring that this action is properly maintainable as a Class Action and certifying Plaintiff as Class representative, and Antranig Garibian, Esq. as Class Counsel;

2. Awarding Plaintiff and the Class statutory damages;

3. Awarding Plaintiff and the Class actual damages;

4. Awarding Plaintiff costs of this Action, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses;

5. Awarding pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest; and

6. Awarding Plaintiff and the Class such other and further relief as this Court may deem

just and proper.

Dated: August 20, 2021

# **GARIBIAN LAW OFFICES, P.C.**

<u>/s/ Antranig Garibian</u> By: Antranig Garibian, Esquire PA Bar No. 94538 1800 John F. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 300 Philadelphia, PA 19103 Phone: (215) 326-9179 ag@garibianlaw.com Attorneys For Plaintiff

#### JS 44 (Rev. 11/15)

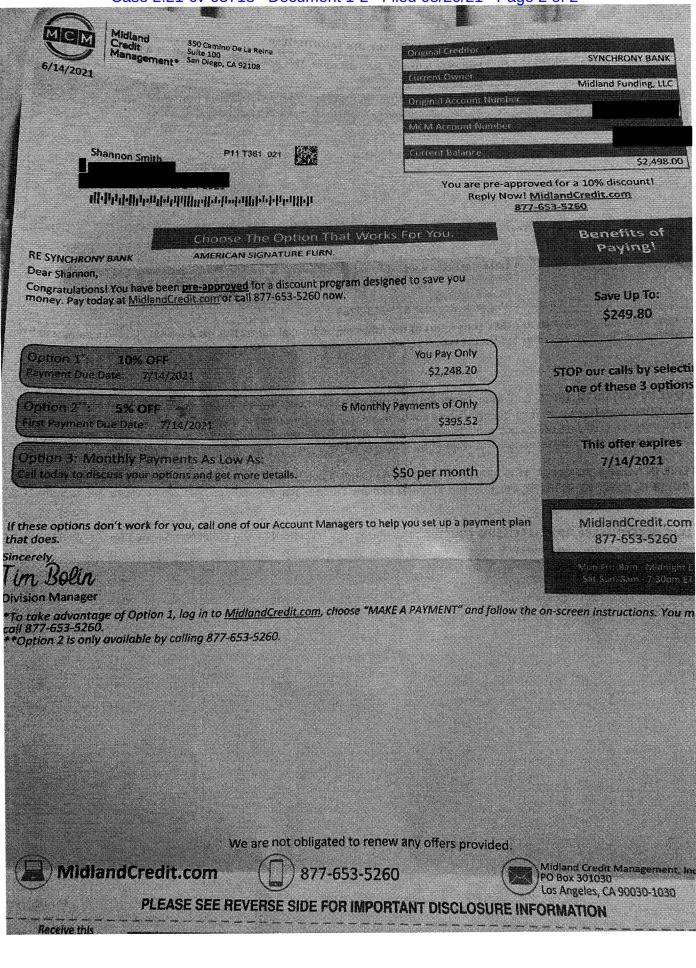
# Case 2:21-cv-03718 Document 1-1 Filed 08/20/21 Page 1 of 1 CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. *(SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)* 

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		DEFENDANT	ſS	
<ul> <li>(b) County of Residence of (E.</li> <li>(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A)</li> </ul>	 XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA		NOTE: IN LAND	ice of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ( CONDEMNATION CASES, USE T CT OF LAND INVOLVED. n)	
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	<b>CTION</b> (Place an "X" in C	One Box Only)	III. CITIZENSHIP OF	PRINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintifj
1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	□ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government)	Not a Party)	(For Diversity Cases Only	y) PTF DEF I I Incorporated or Pr of Business In T	
2 U.S. Government Defendant	□ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State Citizen or Subject of a	<ul> <li>2</li> <li>2</li> <li>2</li> <li>Incorporated and of Business In</li> <li>3</li> <li>3</li> <li>3</li> <li>Foreign Nation</li> </ul>	-
			Foreign Country		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		nly)	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
<ul> <li>CONTRACT</li> <li>110 Insurance</li> <li>120 Marine</li> <li>130 Miller Act</li> <li>140 Negotiable Instrument</li> <li>150 Recovery of Overpayment &amp; Enforcement of Judgment</li> <li>151 Medicare Act</li> <li>152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans)</li> <li>153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits</li> <li>160 Stockholders' Suits</li> <li>190 Other Contract</li> <li>195 Contract Product Liability</li> <li>196 Franchise</li> </ul> <b>REAL PROPERTY</b> <ul> <li>210 Land Condemnation</li> <li>220 Foreclosure</li> <li>230 Rent Lease &amp; Ejectment</li> <li>245 Tort Product Liability</li> <li>290 All Other Real Property</li> </ul>	PERSONAL INJURY ☐ 310 Airplane ☐ 315 Airplane Product Liability ☐ 320 Assault, Libel &	<ul> <li>PERSONAL INJUR</li> <li>365 Personal Injury - Product Liability</li> <li>367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability</li> <li>368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability</li> </ul>	RY       □       625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 88         □       690 Other         □       690 Other         □       710 Fair Labor Standards Act         □       710 Fair Labor Standards Act         □       720 Labor/Management Relations         □       740 Railway Labor Act         □       751 Family and Medical Leave Act         □       790 Other Labor Litigation         NS       □         □       791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act         e       IMMIGRATION         □       462 Naturalization Applicat         □       465 Other Inmigration Actions	□       422 Appeal 28 USC 158         1       □         423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157         ■       PROPERTY RIGHTS         ■       840 Copyrights         ■       830 Patent         ■       840 Trademark         ■       861 HIA (1395ff)         ■       862 Black Lung (923)         ■       863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))         ■       865 RSI (405(g))         ■       FEDERAL TAX SUITS         ■       870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)         ■       871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	<ul> <li>OTHERSTATETES</li> <li>375 False Claims Act</li> <li>376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a))</li> <li>400 State Reapportionment</li> <li>410 Antitrust</li> <li>430 Banks and Banking</li> <li>450 Commerce</li> <li>460 Deportation</li> <li>470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations</li> <li>480 Consumer Credit</li> <li>490 Cable/Sat TV</li> <li>850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange</li> <li>890 Other Statutory Actions</li> <li>891 Agricultural Acts</li> <li>895 Freedom of Information Act</li> <li>896 Arbitration</li> <li>995 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision</li> <li>950 Constitutionality of State Statutes</li> </ul>
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" is	n One Box Only)	Confinement			
□ 1 Original □ 2 Re		Remanded from Appellate Court	□ 4 Reinstated or □ 5 Tran Reopened Ano (spec	ther District Litigation	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION		-	are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional s	statutes unless diversity):	
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A <b>CLASS ACTION</b> 3, F.R.Cv.P.	N DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND	if demanded in complaint:
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER	
DATE		SIGNATURE OF AT	TORNEY OF RECORD		
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY					
	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JU	DGE

# EXHIBIT A

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# **DESIGNATION FORM**

(to be used by counsel or pro se plaintiff to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of assignment to the appropriate calendar)

REI	LATI	ED CASE, IF ANY:						
Cas	e Nu	mber:	Judge:				Date Terminated: _	
Civi	il cas	es are deemed related when Yes is answe	red to any of the following	quest	tions	:		
1.		nis case related to property included in an viously terminated action in this court?	earlier numbered suit pend	ling o	or wit	hin one year	Yes 🗖	No 🗖
2.		es this case involve the same issue of fact ding or within one year previously termin		ansact	tion a	as a prior suit	Yes 🗖	No 🗖
3.		es this case involve the validity or infringent states and the problem of the pro					Yes 🗖	No 🔲
4.		nis case a second or successive habeas con e filed by the same individual?	rpus, social security appeal.	, or p	ro se	civil rights	Yes 🗖	No 🗖
this	cour	that, to my knowledge, the within case <b>[</b> t except as noted above.	D n .	-	y case			ously terminated action in
DAT	.E:		Attorney-at-Law		o Se F	Plaintiff	Attorne	y I.D. # (if applicable)
CIV	<b>IL:</b> ()	Place a $$ in one category only)						
<i>A</i> .		Federal Question Cases:		В.	Div	ersity Jurisdiction C	ases:	
	7. 8. 9. 10.	Habeas Corpus			3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Airplane Persona Assault, Defama Marine Personal Motor Vehicle P Other Personal I Products Liabilit Products Liabilit All other Diversa	tion Injury Personal Injury njury ( <i>Please specify</i> ): Py Py – Asbestos ity Cases	cts
			ARBITRATI		FRT	IFICATION		
		(The efj	fect of this certification is to re				for arbitration.)	
I,			_, counsel of record <i>or</i> pro se j	plainti	ff, do	hereby certify:		
		Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 53.2, § 3(c exceed the sum of \$150,000.00 exclusiv		knov	vledg	e and belief, the da	amages recoverable i	n this civil action case
		Relief other than monetary damages is s	ought.					
DAT	ГЕ:		Attorney-at-Law	w / Pro	o Se F	Plaintiff	Attorney	v I.D. # (if applicable)

NOTE: A trial de novo will be a trial by jury only if there has been compliance with F.R.C.P. 38.

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# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

# **CASE MANAGEMENT TRACK DESIGNATION FORM**

Shannon Smith, individually and on behalf of all	:	CIVIL ACTION
others similarly situated;	:	
Midland Credit Management Inc. Et Al.,	:	NO.

In accordance with the Civil Justice Expense and Delay Reduction Plan of this court, counsel for plaintiff shall complete a Case Management Track Designation Form in all civil cases at the time of filing the complaint and serve a copy on all defendants. (See § 1:03 of the plan set forth on the reverse side of this form.) In the event that a defendant does not agree with the plaintiff regarding said designation, that defendant shall, with its first appearance, submit to the clerk of court and serve on the plaintiff and all other parties, a Case Management Track Designation Form specifying the track to which that defendant believes the case should be assigned.

# SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CASE MANAGEMENT TRACKS:

0

(a) Habeas Corpus – Cases brought under 28 U.S.C. § 2241 through § 2255.	(	)
(b) Social Security – Cases requesting review of a decision of the Secretary of Health and Human Services denying plaintiff Social Security Benefits.	(	)
(c) Arbitration – Cases required to be designated for arbitration under Local Civil Rule 53.2.	(	)
(d) Asbestos – Cases involving claims for personal injury or property damage from exposure to asbestos.	(	)
(e) Special Management – Cases that do not fall into tracks (a) through (d) that are commonly referred to as complex and that need special or intense management by the court. (See reverse side of this form for a detailed explanation of special management cases.)	(	)
(f) Standard Management – Cases that do not fall into any one of the other tracks.	(2	×)

	Cention Haubean	Shannon Smith
Date	Attorney-at-law	Attorney for
(215) 326-9179	(267) 238-3701	ag@garibianlaw.com
Telephone	FAX Number	E-Mail Address

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